



Nanitor

Improve
CyberSecurity



CENTER FOR
INTERNET SECURITY

Nanitor is a certified product
vendor member of CIS



CIS® (Center for Internet Security, Inc.)

“A forward-thinking, non-profit entity that harnesses the power of a global IT community to safeguard private and public organizations against cyber threats.”

Multi-State Information Sharing and Analysis Center® (MS-ISAC®)

“The go-to resource for cyber threat prevention, protection, response, and recovery for U.S. State, Local, Tribal, and Territorial government.”

The CIS Controls™ and CIS Benchmarks™

“The global standard and recognized best practices for securing IT systems and data against the most pervasive attacks.

These proven guidelines are continuously refined and verified by a volunteer, global community of experienced IT professionals.”



Basic

- 1** Inventory and Control of Hardware Assets
- 2** Inventory and Control of Software Assets
- 3** Continuous Vulnerability Management
- 4** Controlled Use of Administrative Privileges
- 5** Secure Configuration for Hardware and Software on Mobile Devices, Laptops, Workstations and Servers
- 6** Maintenance, Monitoring and Analysis of Audit Logs

Foundational

- 7** Email and Web Browser Protections
- 8** Malware Defenses
- 9** Limitation and Control of Network Ports, Protocols, and Services
- 10** Data Recovery Capabilities
- 11** Secure Configuration for Network Devices, such as Firewalls, Routers and Switches
- 12** Boundary Defense
- 13** Data Protection
- 14** Controlled Access Based on the Need to Know
- 15** Wireless Access Control
- 16** Account Monitoring and Control

Organizational

- 17** Implement a Security Awareness and Training Program
- 18** Application Software Security
- 19** Incident Response and Management
- 20** Penetration Tests and Red Team Exercises

The CIS Benchmarks

[Cisecurity.org](https://www.cisecurity.org),

Benchmark PDF example

Nanitor quick demo

CERT/CC Research

“CERT/CC (the federally funded research and development center operated by Carnegie Mellon University) reports that nearly **99% of all intrusions resulted from exploitation of known vulnerabilities or configuration errors.**

Essentially, malicious intrusions are avoidable if companies adopt a strong security policy and adhere to regular ongoing vulnerability assessments and proactive remediation strategies”



Nanitor